

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Benzenethiol

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

1. Identification		
Product identifier		
Product name	Benzenethiol	
Product number	W2205	
Synonyms; trade names	Thiophenol, Phenyl mercaptan	
CAS number	108-98-5	
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use		
Application	Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances.	
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are identified.	
Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Supplier	Synerzine 5340 Highway 42 Ellenwood, GA 30294 (404) 524-6744 info@synerzine.com	
Contact Person	Patrick O'Connor	
Emergency telephone number		
Emergency telephone	INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053 (Reference Contract # 102471)	
2. Hazard(s) identification		
Classification of the substance or mixture		
Physical hazards	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	
Llealth hazarda	Acute Tay 2, 1/200 Acute Tay 2, 1/240 Acute Tay 4, 1/220 Skin Init 2, 1/245 Euro Init 24, 1/240	

Health hazards Acute Tox. 2 - H300 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 1 - H330 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 Repr. 2 - H361 STOT SE 2 - H371 STOT SE 3 - H335 STOT RE 1 - H372 Environmental hazards Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

Label elements

Hazard symbols



Signal word



Danger

Hazard statements	H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
	H300+H310+H330 Fatal if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
	H315 Causes skin irritation.
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
	H371 May cause damage to organs (Nervous system) if swallowed.
	H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
	H372 Causes damage to organs (Kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
	H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
	P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.
	P240 Ground/ bond container and receiving equipment.
	P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.
	P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
	P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
	P260 Do not breathe vapor/ spray.
	P261 Avoid breathing vapor/ spray.
	P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
	P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
	P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P273 Avoid release to the environment.
	P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
	P284 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
	P301+P310 If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/ doctor.
	P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
	P303+P361+P353 If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with
	water/ shower.
	P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
	P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if
	present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P308+P311 If exposed or concerned: Call a poison center or doctor.
	P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
	P312 Call a poison center/ doctor if you feel unwell.
	P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
	P320 Specific treatment is urgent (see medical advice on this label).
	P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).
	P330 Rinse mouth.
	P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
	P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
	P361+P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
	P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
	P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.
	P391 Collect spillage.
	P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
	P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
	P405 Store locked up.
	P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Other hazards

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

3. Composition/information on ingredients	
Substances	
Product name	Benzenethiol
CAS number	108-98-5
Composition comments	Named component present at ≤100%.

4. First-aid measures	
Description of first aid measures	
General information	Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.
Skin Contact	It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognized skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
Most important symptoms and effe	ects, both acute and delayed
General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Difficulty in breathing. Unconsciousness, possibly death.
Ingestion	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Unconsciousness, possibly death. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause severe internal injury. Small amounts may cause serious damage.
Skin contact	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain. Unconsciousness, possibly death.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.
Indication of immediate medical a	ttention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically. Keep affected person under observation.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Special hazards arising from the s	ubstance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapors may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Fire-water run-off in sewers may create fire or explosion hazard. This product is toxic.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Very toxic or corrosive gases or vapors.

Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear chemical protective suit. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
6. Accidental release measures	
Personal precautions, protective e	equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray/mists. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid contact with contaminated tools and objects.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for containn	nent and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion. Provide adequate ventilation. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water- soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non- combustible material. Place waste in labeled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	
Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimize spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapors may accumulate on the floor and in low-lying areas. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. This

without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. This product is toxic. Immediate first aid is imperative. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages

Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.
Conditions for safe storage, includ	ding any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ground container and transfer equipment to eliminate sparks from static electricity. Keep away from oxidizing materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Utilize retaining walls to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.
Storage class	Flammable liquid storage.
Specific end uses(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.
8 Exposure controls/Personal pr	otestion

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 0.1 ppm Sk

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Sk = Danger of cutaneous absorption.

Ingredient comments

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

Exposure controls

Protective equipment







Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilating equipment.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with OSHA 1910.133. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with OSHA 1910.138 and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be

worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear liquid.
Color	Colorless to pale yellow.
Odor	Characteristic. Garlic Penetrating.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and range	169°C/336°F
Flash point	50°C/122°F Method: Tag closed cup.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	Not available.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not available.
Oxidizing properties	Not available.
Molecular weight	110.2 g/mol
10. Stability and reactivity	

Reactivity

See the other subsections of this section for further details.

Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, drill, grind or otherwise expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Materials to avoid	Oxidizing materials. Acids - oxidizing.
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapors.
11. Toxicological information	
Information on toxicological effects	i de la constante de la constan
Acute toxicity - oral Summary	Fatal if swallowed.
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	46.2
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	46.2
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Summary	Fatal in contact with skin.
Acute toxicity dermal (LD50 mg/kg)	134.0
Species	Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	134.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation Summary	Fatal if inhaled.
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ gases ppmV)	33.0
Species	Rat
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)	0.15
Species	Rat
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	0.15
Skin corrosion/irritation Summary	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation Summary	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitization Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitization Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	

Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Summary	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure		
Summary	May cause damage to organs . May cause respiratory irritation.	
Target organs	Respiratory system, lungs	
Specific target organ toxicity - repo	eated exposure	
Summary	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
General information	May damage fertility. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Difficulty in breathing. Unconsciousness, possibly death.	
Ingestion	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Unconsciousness, possibly death. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause severe internal injury. Small amounts may cause serious damage.	
Skin Contact	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain. Unconsciousness, possibly death.	
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.	
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact	
Target Organs	Respiratory system, lungs	
Other Hazards		

12. Ecological information

Very toxic to aquatic life.
$0.001 < L(E)C50 \le 0.01$
100
LC₅₀, 96 hours: 0.009 mg/l, Oryzias latipes (Red killifish)
EC₅₀, 24 hours: 0.005 mg/l, Daphnia magna
EC₅₀, 72 hours: 0.211 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
0.001 < NOEC ≤ 0.01
Non-rapidly degradable
10
EC₅₀, 21 days: <.0037 mg/l, Daphnia magna
The degradability of the product is not known.

Partin coefficientNot available.Mobility andNot available.Other adverse effectsNote known.Other adverse effectsNone known.Patter tester effectsNote known.Patter tester effectsThe generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product process solutions, escluses and by products should at all times comply with the requirements of theorever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product process solutions, escluses and by products should at all times comply with the requirements of theorever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product products should be taken when thanding empleposal legislation and mays lead authority requirements. When was obtained to avail theore test containers. Should with theor contents. Inclusional waste disposal containers when theore theorem and waste disposal containers. Induced with containers and the enclusions. Disposal of the disposal doctariners. Induced with their contents. Inclusional with and information or inadifit should any be an adverse and theore test more theorem and the containers. Charlens when theor contents. Inclusion with a disposal containers. Induced with a containers for theorem and the data should any be and adverse.Parsent informationSarsUN No. (DOS)2337UN No. (DOS)2337UN No. (CAG)PIENYL MERCAPTANProper shipping name (IDA)PIENYL MERCAPTANProper shipping name (IDA)PIENYL MERCAPTANProper shipping name (IDA)PIENYL MERCAPTANProper shipping name (IDA)PIENYL MERCAPTANC	Bio-Accumulative Potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
ModiliyNo data available.Other adverse effectsKone known.Extreme effectsKone known.Extreme effectsKone known.Censual informationKone generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle product wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in as affew approach. processo solutions, residues and by products should a be considered or inseed out, should be taken when handling and per poduct should be considered or inseed out, should be taken when handling and per poduct should be considered or inseed out, should be taken when handling and per poduct should be considered or inseed out, should be taken when handling and per poduct should be considered or inseed out, should be taken when handling and per poduct containers, budges and containe	Partition coefficient	Not available.
ModiliyNo data available.Other adverse effectsKone known.Extreme effectsKone known.Extreme effectsKone known.Censual informationKone generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle product wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in as affew approach. processo solutions, residues and by products should a be considered or inseed out, should be taken when handling and per poduct should be considered or inseed out, should be taken when handling and per poduct should be considered or inseed out, should be taken when handling and per poduct should be considered or inseed out, should be taken when handling and per poduct should be considered or inseed out, should be taken when handling and per poduct containers, budges and containe	Mobility in soil	
Other adverse effects None known. 13. Disposal considerations The general of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product process solutions, residues and by products should at at more comply with the requirements of wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product process solutions, residues and by products should at at more comply with the requirements. When a matting multic donainers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or inseed duit. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and honce be potentially hazardous. Disposal methods Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal dispitated when recycling in the trais dual to be containers. Incluents in clineration may area at highly flarmabile or explosive atmosphere inside the containers. Containers should be ther only into drains. Dispose of the risk of an explosion. Do not cut or weld used containers unless the data shown in this section. VI Number VI Number UN No. (DG) 2337 UN No. (CAO) 2337 UN No. (CAO) 2437 Proper shipping name (DSO) PHENYL MERCAPTAN		No data available.
Veste treatment methods General information The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a state way. Disposal of this of product, process solutions, residues and by products should at all times comply with the requirements. When handling waste, the safety precutuons spolying to handling of the product should at all times comply with the requirements. When handling waste, the safety precutuons spolying to handling of the product should be taken when handling sempted containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rised out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. Disposal of this disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded with their contents. Incineration or landfil should on by be considered when recycling is not feasible. Vapor from residual product may create a highly film atmabile or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Containers should be chosen thoroughly cleaned internally. 14. Transport Information Can requery passible cause of the risk of an explosion. Do not cut or weld used containers indust the container. Subjete atmosphere inside the container. Containers should be considered when recycling is not feasible. Vapor from residual product may create a highly have been thoroughly cleaned information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data should be considered when explosion. Do not cut or weld used containers into a spote of a waste disposal of the data should be considered when explosion. UN Nue (TDG) 2337 UN Noc (TDG) 2337 UN proper shipping name (IMDG)	Other adverse effects	
Waste treatment methods Constraints The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of it as a sele way. Disposed of this and wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of its a sele way. Disposed of this and wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of its a sele way. Disposed of this and wherever products should at all fitnes comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authofty requirements. When handling waste, he safely preclusations applying the handling waste depoduct should be taken when handling are product should be intervent the requirements. The handling waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarde wast diaposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarde waste diaposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty container, discarde waste diaposal contractor. Waste, residues, and the requirements. Wener methods Usposal methods De not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste diaposal contractor. Waste, residues, and to product product may correct a highly filthmambel orecyclosive attrospheter inside the containter. Containe	Other adverse effects	None known.
General informationThe generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of an safe way. Disposed of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should and and any local authority requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety proculuts should be product should be considered. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.Disposel methodsDo not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those had connot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, lisaeded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers. Lobeled with heir contents. Lineineration or landiff should only be considered wone necycled products and those being contractor.V.4. Transport InformationEmpty containers of indicated wone necycled products and those of a explosion. Do not cut or weld used containers unless they have been thoroughly cleaned internatily.UN No. (TGG)2337UN No. (TGG)2337UN No. (DOT)UN2337UN proper shipping name (IMDG)PHENYL MERCAPTANProper shipping name (IMDG)PHENYL MERCAPTANProper shipping name (IMDG)PHENYL MERCAPTANProper shipping name (IMDG)6.1OT nazard class6.1DOT nazard class6.1DoT nazard class6.1DoT nazard class6.1DoT nazard class6.1	13. Disposal considerations	
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	IMDG Class	6.1

IMDG subsidiary risk	3	
ICAO class/division	6.1	
ICAO subsidiary risk	3	
Transport labels		
DOT transport labels		
Packing group		
TDG Packing Group	1	
IMDG packing group	1	
ICAO packing group	1	
DOT packing group	1	
Environmental hazards		
Environmentally Hazardous Subs	tance	
Special precautions for user		
Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.		
EmS	F-E, S-D	
DOT reportable quantity	RQ: Phenyl mercaptan (100 lbs)	
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.	
15. Regulatory information		
Regulatory References	OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200	
US Federal Regulations		
SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities EPCRA 302 TPQ 500 lbs Tier II TPQ 500 lbs		
CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA) Final CERCLA RQ: 100(45.4) pounds (Kilograms)		

US State Regulations

California Directors List of Hazardous Substances *Present.*

Massachusetts "Right To Know" List *Present.*

Rhode Island "Right To Know" List *Present.*

Minnesota "Right To Know" List *Present.*

New Jersey "Right To Know" List *Present.*

Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List *Present.*

Inventories

Canada - DSL/NDSL DSL

US - TSCA Present.

16. Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used	TDG: The transport of dangerous goods act
in the safety data sheet	

	 IATA: International air transport association. ICAO: Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air. IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods. CAS: Chemical abstracts service. ATE: Acute toxicity estimate. LCso: Lethal concentration to 50 % of a test population. LDso: Lethal dose to 50% of a test population (median lethal dose). ECso: 50% of maximal effective concentration. PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance. vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation Repr. = Reproductive toxicity Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision comments	NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.
Revision date	6/28/2024
Revision	3
Supersedes date	2/8/2022
SDS No.	1184

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
H300 Fatal if swallowed.
H310 Fatal in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H330 Fatal if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H371 May cause damage to organs (Nervous system) if swallowed.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

End of Safety Data Sheet

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.